

Driving a car with low dimensional input features

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PROBLEM

The motivation for this project is a robotics competition in which autonomous cars race against each other around a small circuit. The challenge is keep the car within the track boundaries knowing only the distance driven, the heading and the color of the track under the car.

MODEL

This problem can be posed as a partially observable Markov decision process (POMDP).

State Space

$$s = \{x_m, y_m, \theta, \kappa, p, v, c_b\} \in S$$

Observation Space

$$o = \{d, \hat{\theta}, \kappa, \hat{v}, c_b\} \in \Omega$$

Action Space

$$A = A_s \times A_p \text{ with}$$

$$A_s = \{\text{nothing}, \text{steer left}, \text{steer right}\}$$

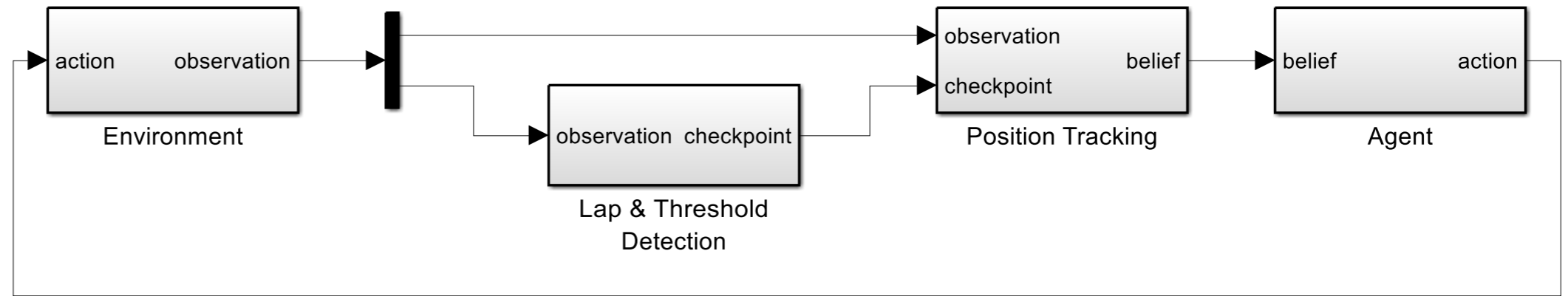
$$A_p = \{\text{nothing}, \text{throttle up}, \text{throttle down}\}$$

Reward

$$R(s) = v \cdot \Delta t \cdot \cos(\theta - h(x_m))$$

Where Δt is the time step and $h(x_m)$ is the tangent of the track median line at distance x_m .

PIPELINE



Belief State Space

$$b = \{\hat{x}_m, \hat{y}_m, \hat{\theta}, \kappa, \hat{v}\} \in B$$

$$\hat{x}_m^{(t_2)} = \int_{t=t_1}^{t_2} \hat{v} \cos(\hat{\theta} - h(\hat{x}_m)) dt$$

$$\hat{y}_m^{(t_2)} = \int_{t=t_1}^{t_2} \hat{v} \sin(\hat{\theta} - h(\hat{x}_m)) dt$$

When $c_b > 0$

$$\hat{y}_m^{(t_2)} = \text{sign} \hat{y}_m^{(t_1)} \left(\frac{1}{2} w_a + c_b w_b \right)$$

Lap or checkpoint:

set \hat{x}_m to 0 or -1 .

Q-LEARNING

$$\hat{Q}^*(b, a) \leftarrow r(s) + \gamma \max_{a' \in A} \hat{Q}^*(b', a')$$

$$a = \underset{a}{\text{argmax}} \hat{Q}^*(b, a)$$

BASELINE

A simple PD controller on belief \hat{y}_m

$$f(s) = \kappa + k_p y_m + k_d \dot{y}_m$$

$$a = \begin{cases} \text{steer_left} & \text{if } f(s) < -\epsilon \\ \text{steer_right} & \text{if } f(s) > \epsilon \\ \text{do_nothing} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

100 episodes	Score	Crashes
Baseline 75% throttle	16.0	0
Baseline 100% throttle	12.9	35
DQN	22.1	0

